

Guidelines for MR Imaging of Sports Injuries

European Society of Skeletal Radiology Sports Sub-committee

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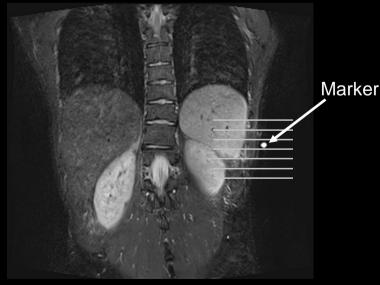
Abbreviations and clarifications***

- Ax = axial
- Cor = coronal
- Sag = sagittal
- FOV = field of view
- PD = proton density
- TE = time to echo in milliseconds
- FS = fat suppressed
- Int = intermediate
- Int FS: this is a fat suppressed sequence with a long TR and a TE between that of a traditional PD (e.g. TE= 10-20) and a traditional T2 (e.g. TE=80-100). The advantage of this sequence is that the TE is short enough to maintain sufficient signal for visualisation of the anatomy (like a PD) yet long enough to be more fluid sensitive (like a T2)
- For STIR sequence, TI (inversion time) should be 140-150 at 1.5T

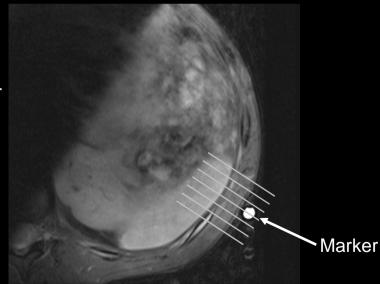
Side strain



- Patient positioned to target site of symptoms (mark site with capsule)
- Turn patient onto symptomatic side, change phase/frequency encoding and/or use movement suppressing sequences to reduce movement
- Start with large FOV STIR coronals abdomen include volume from lumbar sacral junction to marker (allows ribs to be counted)
- Or small FOV axial initially, then obliques cover marker & any pathology



Coronal STIR - axial positioning



Axial T2 FS - oblique positioning



Side strain

| | FOV | Slice (max) | TE | Matrix (min) |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Large FOV STIR Abdomen | 35-40 cm | 4.5 mm | scanner dependent | 256x256 |
| Axial T1 | 30, ASAP | 4.5 mm | Min | 256x256 |
| Axial T2 FS | 30, ASAP | 4.5 mm | Min | 256x256 |
| T1 - 90° to any pathology seen | 30, ASAP | 4.5 mm | Min | 256x256 |
| T2 FS - 90° to any pathology seen | 30, ASAP | 4.5 mm | Min | 256x256 |

ASAP = as small as possible

Side strain



